Course of Content of History Under Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) (Honours and Subsidiary)

	Semester I				Semester II		
1 st Year	Core 1	Ancient Indian History (Early times to Mauryan age)	6	Core 3	Ancient Indian History (Post Mauryan to 650 A.D.)	6	
	Core 2	History of Modern Europe (1789-1870)	6	Core 4	History of Modern Europe (1871-1945)	6	
	GE-1	Ancient Indian History (Early times to Pre Gupta age)	6	GE-2	Ancient Indian History (The age of Gupta to 1206 A.D.)	6	
	AECC-1	English Communication/ MIL	2	AECC-2	Environmental Science	2	
		Semester III			Semester IV		
	C-5	Early Medieval Indian History (650 A.D. To 1206 A.D.)	6	C-8	Medieval Indian History (1206 A.D. to 1526 A.D.)	6	
2 nd	C-6	British constitutional History (1485-1714)	6	C-9	Indian Constitutional Development (1773-1947)	6	
Year	C-7	History of Jharkhand (1757 A.D. to 2000 A.D.)	6	C-10	Ancient Indian Polity	6	
	GE-3	Medieval Indian History (1206 A.D. to 1707 A.D.)	6	GE-4	History of Modern India (1707 A.D. to 1947 A.D.)	6	
	SEC-1	Gandhian Thought	2	SEC-2	Basic Computer Knowledge	2	
	Semester V				Ancient Indian Polity 6 History of Modern India (1707 A.D. to 1947 A.D.)		
3 rd Year	C-11	Medieval Indian History (1526 A.D. to 1707 A.D.)	6	C-13		6	
	C-12	History of China & Japan (1839 A.D. to 1949 A.D.)	6	C-14	India National Movement (1857-1947)	6	
	DSE-1	History of Modern India (1707 A.D. to 1857 A.D.)	6	DSE-3	History of Independent India (1947 A.D. to 2014 A.D.)	6	
	DSE-2	History of the Indian Freedom Movement	6	DSE-4	Contemporary World (1945 A.D. to 2015 A.D.)	6	

SEMESTER I

Core 1

ANCIENT INDIAN HISTORY

(Early times to Mauryan age)

1	Geographical background, physiography, major routes & communication, environment, People and languages
2	Pre-History: Palaeolithic Age, Mesolithic Age, Neolithic Age (Meaning, Distribution and Expansion) and chalcolithic age
3	Survey of Sources and approaches to Ancient Indian History
4	Proto-History: Harappan civilization - origin, distribution, features and decline.
5	The Vedic Civilization: Society, economy, polity and religion (as reflected in Vedic literature)
6	Religious movement: Jainism and Buddhism
7	Janapada & Mahajanapada; Early Monarchical states and their expansion Rise of Magadha as paramount political power (from Haryak dynasty to Nand dynasty)
8	a. The Mauryan Empire: (i) Chandragupta Maurya (ii) Bindusara, (iii)Ashoka, (iv). Dhamma of Ashoka: concept and propagaton, (v). Mauryan administration: nature and features iv. Decline b. Alexander's invasion and its impact.

Core 2 HISTORY OF MODERN EUROPE (1789-1870)

1	French revolution: i. Causes and impact, role of intellectuals, ii. Works of the National Assembly, iii Reign of Terror, iv. Participation of Social Classess, v. Legacy of the revolution
2	Napolean Bonaparte: i. rise of Napolean ii. Contributions iii. Downfall
3	Congress of Vienna, 1815
4	Concert of Europe
5	Metternich System
6	Revolution of 1830 and 1848
7	Domestic and Foreign Policy of Napolean III
8	Crimean War
9	Unification of Italy and Germany

General Elective-1

ANCIENT INDIAN HISTORY (Early times to pre-Gupta age)

	(Eurly times to pre Suptu age)		
01	a. Survey of sources and approaches to Ancient Indian History		
	b. Brief introduction of important concepts : Culture, Civilization, Urbanization.		
02	Proto-History/Harappan Civilisation : origin, distribution, morphology of major site		
	(Mohenjodaro, Harappa, Kalibangan, Lothal, Dholavira), feature and decline.		
03	The Vedic civilization: Society, economy, polity and religion (as reflected in vedic literature.		
04	New religious movement : Jainism and Buddhism		
05	Rise of Magadha as a paramount political power (from Haryak dynasty to Nanda dynasty)		
06	a. The Mauyran Empire : i. Chandragupta Maurya, Bindusara, Ashoka, ii. Dhamma of Ashoka		
	: concept and propagation,		
	iii. Mauyran administration		
	Alexandar's invasion and its impact		
07	Post Mauryan developments (c. 200 BC. – c. 300 BC.)		
	a. Invasions and their impact: Bactrian Greeks, Scythians, Kushanas.		
	b. Polity : Shungas (Pushyamitra Shunga), Kushanas (Kanishka) and Satvahanas (Gautamiputra		
	Satkarni)		
	c. Economy: land grants, trade and trade routes		
	d. Art and culture: Gandhar and Mathura art		
	e. Sangam age: polity, society, literature and culture.		

SEMESTER 2

Core 3

ANCIENT INDIAN HISTORY

(Post Mauryan age to 650 A.D.)

01	Post Mauryan developments (c. 200 BC. – c. 300 BC.):	
	a. Invasions and their impact : Bactrian Greeks, Scythians, Kushanas	
	b. Polity: Shungas (Pushyamitra Shunga), Kushanas (Kanishka) and Satvahanas (Gautamiputra	
	Satkarni)	
	c. Economy: land grant, trade and trade routes, Indo-Roman trade.	
	d. Religion and culture: Emergence of Mahayana Buddhism, Vajranana, Post Mauryan Art and	
	Literature.	
02	Sangam age: Polity, society, literature and culture.	
03	Age of Guptas : i. Chandragupta I, ii. Samudragupta, iii. Chandragupta II; Evaluation of Gupta	
	Age	
04	Harshvardhana: Rise and Administration	
05	Peninsular India: Chalukya, Pallavas; Polity and economy, cultural development with special	
	reference to art and religion	

<u>Core-4</u> HISTORY OF MODERN EUROPE (1871-1945)

	()
01	Congress of Berlin
02	Czar Alexander II
03	Foreign Policy of Bismarck
04	Causes and impact, of the First World War, 1914-18; Treaty of Versailles
05	The Russian Revolution of 1917: causes, nature and effects
06	Paris Peace Conference, 1919-20
07	The League of Nations: achievement and failure
08	Fascism: Rise of Mussolini
09	Nazism : Rise of Hitler
10	Second World War, 1939-45: causes and impact.

GE-2 ANCIENT INDIAN HISTORY (The age of Gupta to 1206 A.D.)

01	Age of Guptas: Was it a Golden Age? Cultural developments – art, architecture, sculpture,	
	painting, literature, and religion, cultural contacts with central Asia	
	ii. Administrative institutions	
	iii. Decline	
	iv. Agrarian structure, land grants and trade.	
02	Harshvardhana: conquest and administration	
03	Arab invasion : causes and impact	
04	Early Medieval India:	
	Political development: nature of regional politics with special reference to the Pratiharas, Palas,	
	Rashtrakutas.	
05	Chola dynasty: Administration	
06	Ghazni and Ghori invasions: nature, causes and impact	

SEMESTER 3 Core 5 EARLY MEDIEVAL INDIAN HISTORY (650 A.D. to 1206 A.D.)

01	Origin of Rajputas
02	Political devolopment : nature of regional politics with special reference to the Pratiharas, Palas,
	Rashtrakutas
03	Arab Invasion of Sind
04	Chola dynasty – Rise, Administration, Local self Government
05	Gazni invasions; nature, causes and impact
06	Ghori invasions: nature, causes and impact
07	Socio-Economic Changes – Feudalism, Social Changes, Religious developments, Regional Art
	and Architecture

Core 6 BRITISH CONSTITUTIONAL HISTORY (1485 A.D. to 1714 A.D.)

0.1	m 1 4 1405 1602
01	Tudor Age 1485-1603
02	Tudor Despotism
03	Tudor Parliament
04	Stuart Age
05	Divine Right Theory of James – I
06	11 years tyranny of Charles – I
07	Long parliament
08	Cromwellian experiment
09	Restoration – Charles – II
10	Glorious Revolution
11	Hanover Age
12	George I & II
13	George III
14	17 th Century as creative age
15	Problem of personal liberty
16	Act of settlement

Core 7 HISTORY OF JHARKHAND (1757-2000)

	(
01	Arrival of the English in Jharkhand
02	Establishment of British Power in Bengal (with special reference to Jharkhand)
03	Colonial policies and its impact on agriculture, land, forest & railway.
04	Formation of Santal Pargana
05	SPT Act & CNT Act
06	Tana Bhagat movement
07	Gandhian movements in Jharkhand
08	Ramgarh Congress 1940
09	Jharkhand movement origin & different stages
10	Christian Missionary: their works & impact on tribal's society.
11	Resistance to the Colonial rule and Tribal Movement : Santhal Hul, Kol Birsa Ulgulan,
	Saphahor/Kherwar movement

<u>GE - 3</u> Medieval Indian History (1206-1707)

01	Historiography, Sources and their interpretation.
02	Establishment of Turkish Rule in India: a. Qutub-uddin-Aiba,
	b. Illtulmish, c. Balban: theory of kingship
03	Ala-ud-din-Khilji: Revenue and Market Policy
04	Tughlaq Dynasty: a. Muhammad-bin-Tughlaq: policy, b. Firoz Tughlaq: reforms.
05	Mongol Threat, Timur's invasion

06	Sikandar Lodi
07	Administration of Delhi Sultanate: Central, Provincial and Military organization, Iqta system
08	Religion and Culture;
	a. Sufism; doctrines, Silsilas and practices
	b. Bhakti Movment
09	Vijaynagar and Bahmani Kingdom: Polity and Culture
10	Babar : Conqueror and Empire builder ; Humayun
11	Sher Shah : Administration and Revenue Policy
12	Akbar : Religious Policy, Rajput Policy
13	Jahangir
14	Shahjahan: Golden Age, War of Succession
15	Aurangzeb: Deccan Policy and Religious Policy
16	Mansabdari and Jagirdari System
17	Shivaji: Early life Conquest and Administration
18	Art & architecture : Sultanate & Mughal times
19	Advent of European Powers: Portuguese, French and English

GANDHIAN THOUGHT SEC-1

01	Influences on Gandhiji
02	Gandhiji: Philosophy of Truth and Non-violence
03	Satyagraha
04	Passive Resistance – Non Co-operation and Civil Disobedience
05	Principle of Trusteeship
06	Constructive Programme
07	Basic education
08	Gandhiji: Relevance in Modern times

SEMESTER 4 MEDIEVAL INDIA HISTORY (c. A.D. 1206-1526) Core - 8

01	Historiography, Sources and their interpretation.
02	Establishment of Turkish Rule in India: a. Qutub-uddin-Aiba,
	b. Illtulmish, c. Balban: theory of kingship
03	Ala-ud-din-Khilji: Administrative, Revenue and Market Policy, Theory of Kingship
04	Tughlaq Dynasty: a. Muhammad-bin-Tughlaq: Character and policy, b. Firoz Tughlaq:
	reforms.
05	Mongol Threat
06	Timur's invasion
07	Sikandar Lodi
08	Administration of Delhi Sultanate: Central, Provincial and Military organization, Iqta system
09	Disintigration of the Delhi Sultanate – Sultanate architecture.
10	Religion and Culture:
	a. Sufism : doctrines, Silsilas and practices
	b. Bhakti Movment
	c. Art & Architecture

Indian Constitutional Development (1773-1947) Core-9

01	Regulating Act, 1773
02	Pitt's Indian Act, 1784
03	Charter Act, 1813
04	Charter Act, 1833
05	Charter Act, 1853
06	Act of 1858 (1 st Transfer of Power Act)
07	Charter Act, 1861
08	Indian Council Act 1892
09	Morley Minto Reforms 1909
10	Montague-Chelmsford Reforms, 1919
11	Government of India Act, 1935
12	Act of 1947 (2 nd Transfer of Power Act)

Ancient Indian Polity Core 10

01	Different theories of origin of state; Saptanga Theory
02	Kingship or monarchy and importance of coronation ceremony
03	Republican states in ancient India
04	Idea of sovereignty in ancient India
05	Democratic administrative institutions – Sabha, Samiti, Vidalhe
06	Administrative apparatus :-
	(i) Mantriparishad
	(ii) Central administration
	(iii) Revenue Administration
	(iv) Local Administration
	(v) Judicial Administration
07	Mauryan Polity
08	Kushana Polity
09	Gupta Polity
10	Satavahana Polity
11	Chola Polity
12	Guilds – their role, functions, administration

HISTORY OF MODERN INDIA (C. A.D. 1700-1947)

GE-4

01	Rise of the British Power in Bengal - Battle of Plassey, & Battle of Buxar
02	Expansion of British Power -
	a. Anglo-Maratha wars
	b. Anglo-Mysore wars
	c. Anglo-Sikh wars.
03	British administrative policies during company rule & crown rule.

04	Economic impact of British rule
05	Socio-religious reform movements
06	Rise of nationalism & Foundation of Congress
07	Non-violent mass movements – (i) Non-cooperation movement (ii) Civil-disobedience movement (iii) Quit India movement
08	Revolutionary movement
09	Communalism & Partition
10	Freedom – Main causes

SEMESTER 5 HISTORY OF MEDIEVAL INDIA (C.A.D. 1526-1707)

Core 11

01	Historiography and Sources
02	Babar : Conqueror and Empire builder
03	Shershah: Early Life, Conquest, Administration and Revenue Policy; Humayun
04	a. Akbar : Religious Policy, Rajput Policy,
	b. Jahangir
	c. Shahjahan: North-west and Central Asiatic policy, War of succession.
	d. Aurangzeb: Deccan Policy and Religious Policy
05	Mughal Administration : Theory of Kingship
	a. Mansabdari and Jagirdari System
	b. The Mughal Ruling Class: Nobility and Zamindar
	c. Revenue administration: Dahsala system
06	Society and Economy:
	a. Agricultural technology and crop pattern
	b. agrarian structure, land ownership and right, Revenue system
	c. trade routes and the pattern of trade: external and internal
	d. craft and industries
07	Cultural development :
	a. Language, literature, painting
	b. Architecture
	c. Formation of religious identities : Sikh, Kabirpanthis and Dadupanthis
08	Decline and disintegration the Mughal Empire
09	Formation of Maratha State :
	a. Shivaji : Early life, Conquest and Administration
10	Advent of European Powers: Portuguese, French and English

HISTORY OF CHINA & JAPAN (C.A.D. 1839-1949) Core 12

01	Opium War
02	Taiping Rebelian
03	Boxer Rebellien
04	Chinese Revolution of 1911

05	Dr. Sun-Yat-Sen
06	Chiang-Kai-Shek
07	Rise of Communist Movement in China
08	Opening of Japan
	Meiji Restoration
09	Modernization of Japan
10	Sino-Japanese War of 1884-95
11	Anglo-Japanese alliance: 1902
	Russo-Japanese war of 1904-05
12	Washington Conference
13	Manchurian Crisis
14	Rise and fall of Japanese Imperialism

HISTORY OF MODERN INDIA (C.A.D. 1707-1857) DSE-1

0.1	
01	Rise of the British Power in Bengal: i. Battle of Plassey, ii. Battle of Buxar
02	Expansion of British Rule:
	a. Anglo-Maratha relation
	b. Anglo-Mysore relation, Life and achievement of Haider Ali and Tipu Sultan
	c. Anglo-Awadh relation
	d. Anglo-Sikh relation, Ranjit Singh and Anglo-Sikh wars.
	e. Annexation of Sindh
	f. Anglo-Burmese relation and Anglo-Afghan relation
03	Administration under East India Company
	a. Warren Hastings,
	b. Lord Cornwallis
	c. Lord Wellesley: Subsidiary alliances
	d. William Bentick : Reforms
	e. Lord Dalhousie : Doctrine of Lapse, other Reforms
04	Economy:
	a. Land Revenue System and their Impact
	b. Drain of Wealth
	c. Deindustrialisation
05	Cultural Changes and Social and Religious Reform Movement:
	a. Rise of Modern Education;
	b. Growth of Press and Role in National Movement
	c. Socio-religious revivalist/reform movment
	i. Brahma Samaj, Arya Samaj, Prathna Samaj, Ramkrishna Mission
	ii. Deoband School and Aligarh Movement
	iii. Role of reform movement in women emancipation
06	Revolt of 1857: causes, nature, expansion, result and impact.

HISTORY OF INDIAN FREEDOM MOVEMENT

(Rise of Nationalism to 1947)

DSE-2

01	Historiography of Indian nationalism
02	Causes of the Rise of Nationalism in India
03	Political ideology and Organisation, Formation of the Indian National Congress.
04	Moderates and Extremist: Methods, Programmes and Achievements.
05	Partition of Bengal and its impact, Swadeshi Movement
06	Revolutionary Movement
07	Surat Congress 1907 and Lucknow Pact 1916
08	Home Rule Movement
09	Impact of First World War on Freedom Movemnt
10	Ideas and Movement – 1919-1947
	a. Gandihan ideology and movement : Rowlatt Satyagraha, Khilafat, Non-cooperation, Civil
	Disobedience, Quit India,
	b. Ideological trends in the Congress : Socialist and Leftist
11	Constitutional Changes and Response:
	a. Swarajists, Simon Commission, Nehru Report
	b. Round Table Conferences, Gandhi-Irwin Pact, Communal Award
	c. Working of Congress Ministries, Cripps Mission, Wavell Plan, Cabinet Mission
12	Indian National Army, Telangana Movement and Naval Mutiny
13	Lower caste movement
14	Communal Politics and Partition:
	a. Emergence of early Communal Consciousness
	b. Demand fo Pakistan
	c. partition and Independence

SEMESTER 6 ECONOMIC HISTORY OF MODERN INDIA (C.A.D. 1757-1947)

Core 13

01	Sources of economic history for British India
02	Indian economy in mid eighteenth century
03	Agriculture:
	a) Land revenue settlements
	i. Permanent Settlement
	ii. Ryotwari Settlement
	iii. Mahalwari Steelement
	b) Commercialisation of agriculture
04	Deindustrialisation
05	Introduction & expansion of railways
06	Famines
07	Drain of wealth
08	Rise of indigenous capitalism
09	Population growth
10	National income, budget, Price movement, taxation

INDIAN NATIONAL MOVEMENT (1857-1947) Core 14

01	Revolt of 1857 – Nature & impact
02	Birth & growth of nationalism in India
03	British policy of divide & rule
04	Birth Congress
05	Rise of extremism in Indian politics & Surat split of 1909
06	Birth of Muslim league and rise of communalism in India
07	Home rule league & movement and Lucknow Pact, 1916
08	Revolutionary movements in India
09	Emergence of Gandhi
10	Non-Cooperation movement
11	Simon Commission & Nehru Report
12	Civil Disobedience movement
13	Round Table Conferences
14	Quit India Movement
15	Cripps Mission
16	Cabinet Mission plan, Interim government & Constituent Assembly
17	Mountbatten Plan
18	INA movement & Naval mutiny
19	Growth of communalism : Muslim and Hindu communalism
20	Partition and Independence of India

HISTORY OF INDEPENDENT INDIA (1947-2014 A.D.) DSE-3

01	Annexation fo Native States with special reference to Kashmir, Junagarh and Hyderabad
02	Panchsheel
03	Non Aligned Movement – FEW year plans
04	Indo-China War (1962)
05	Indo-Pak War (1965)
06	Indo-Pak War (1971) and formation of Bangladesh
07	Emergence of India as a Nuclear Power
08	Emergency and J.P. Movement – Rise of Coalition politics
09	Economic Liberalisation and Globalisation
10	Survey of post-independent women's movements
11	Survey of post-independent dalit movements

CONTEMPORARY WORLD (1945-2014 A.D.)

DSE-4

01	Formation, Objectives and Organisation of UNO
02	Decolonisation
03	Cold War: Nature & important events
	NATO and Warshaw Pact.
04	Oil and new Colonialism, Oil Politics and Crisis leading to formation of OPEC, Gulf War, OAU
05	Non aligned movement
06	Liberation Movements, Apartheid (South Africa), Feminist Movement
07	Rise of unipolar world: Supremacy of USA
05	Social and Technological Development in Contemporary World, Space Exploration and
	Communication Revolution, Nuclear Politics

Course of Content of HISTORY Under Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) (General and Pass Course)

First	Semester I					Semester II	
year	CA-I	History of Anc	ient	06	CA2	History of Ancient	06
		India				India (Mauran age to	
		(up to Mauryan ag	ge)			1206 A.D.)	
Second		Semester III				Semester IV	
Year	CA-3	A. History	of	06	CA-4	History of Medieval	06
		Medieval India	Medieval India			India	
		(c. A.D. 1206-1506 (c. A.D. 1526-1750					
Third		Semester V				Semester VI	
Year	DSE-1	A. History	fo	06	DSE-	A. History of	06
		Modern India			2	Modern India	
		(c. A.D. 1750-18	(c. A.D. 1750-1857			(c. A.D. 1857-1950	
		B. Western World		6		B. History of	06
		(c. A.D. 1789-1945				Jharkhand	
						(c. A.D. 1757-2000	_

FIRST SEMESTER

		HISTORY OF ANCIENT INDIA	TEACHING	NO OF
S	SUBJECT CODE	(up to Mauryan age)	HOURS 90	CREDIT
	History- CA 1	COURSE CONTENT	Credit Hours	Credit 06
01	Survey of sources a	nd approaches to Ancient Indian History		
02	Pre History:			
	a. Palaeolithic Cult	ure: Sequence, Geographical distribution, Tools an	d Technique, fe	eatures
		re: Distribution, Cultural development, Tools and		
	c. Neolithic Culture	: advent of food production, Neolithic-Chalcolithi	c culture	
03	Proto-History: Ha	arppan civilization : origin, distribution, Town pla	nning and decli	ne and late
	Harappan cultures.		_	
04	a. The Vedic civilization : Society, economy, polity and religion			
	b. Iron age cultures	in India, Megalith.		
05	Social Developmen	t : Varna System, Ashrama System, Jati, Marriege,	Purusharth and	Sanskars
06	a. New religious movement: Jainism and Buddhism			
	b. The rise of Magadh Empire (Bimbisar to Nand dynasty)			
07	a. The Mauyran Empire : i. Chandragupta Maurya : life and achievement, ii. Dharmma of			
	Ashoka, iii. Mauyran administration, iv. Decline of Mauyran empire, v. society, economy			
	b. Alexander's invasion and its impacts			

SECOND SEMESTER

		HISTORY OF ANCIENT INDIA	TEACHING	NO OF	
SI	UBJECT CODE	(Mauran age to 1206 A.D.)	HOURS 90	CREDIT	
]	History- CA 2	COURSE CONTENT	Credit Hours	Credit 06	
01	Post Mauryan developments (c. 200 B.C. – c. 300 B.C.):				
	a. Invasions and the	ir impacts: Bactrian Greeks, Scythians, Kushanas			
	b. Polity: Shungas	(Pushyamitra Shunga0, Kushanas (Kanishka) and	Satvahanas (Ga	utamoputra	
	Shatkarni)				
	c. Economy: land	grants and agricultural expansion, Craft producti	on, trade and tr	ade routes,	
	Indo-Roman trade.				
	d. Sangam age : cul				
02		I Chandragupt I, ii. Samudragupta, iii. Char			
	developments – art, architecture, sculpture, painting, literature, religion and culture and economy				
03	Post-Guptas Period				
	a. Harshvardhana: conquest and administration				
	-	: Chalukya, Pallavas (cultural development with s	special reference	e to art and	
	religion)				
04	AD. 650-1206:				
	Political development: nature of regional politics with special reference to the Pratihar, Pala				
	Rashtrakutas, Cholas and other contemporary dynasties				
05	Arab invasion : cau	1			
06	Gazani's and Ghour	ri's invasions and their impact.			

THIRD SEMESTER

		HISTORY OF MEDIEVAL INDIA	TEACHING	NO OF
	SUBJECT CODE	(c. A.D. 1206-1526)	HOURS 90	CREDIT
	History- CA3	COURSE CONTENT	Credit Hours	Credit 06
01	Historiography and	recent debates, Sources and their interpretation.		
02	Establishment of Tu	ırkish Rule in India :		
	a. Qutub-uddin-aiba	aq, b. Illtulmish, c. Razia, d. Balban: theory of kin	gship.	
03	Ala-ud-din-Khilji:	Imperialism, Administrative, Revenue and Market	Policy	
04	Tughlaq Dynasty: a. Muhammad-bin-Tughlaq: character and policy, b. Firoz Tughlaq:			
	reforms.			
05	Timur's invasion			
06	Sikandar Lodi			
07	Administration of Delhi Sultanate: Central, Provincial and Military organization, Iqta system			system
08	Religion and Cultur	e:		
	a. Sufism b. Bhakti	Movment		
09	Vijaynagar and Bah	nmani Kingdom : Polity and Culture		

FOURTH SEMESTER

		HISTORY OF MEDIEVAL INDIA	TEACHING	NO OF
SUBJECT CODE		(c. A.D. 1526-1750)	HOURS 90	CREDIT
History- CA 4		COURSE CONTENT	Credit Hours	Credit 06
01	01 Historiography and Sources :			
	a. Historiography a	nd different approaches		

	b. Sources: Tuzuk-i-Babri, Abul Fazal
02	Babar : Conqueror and Empire builder
03	Shershah: Early Life, Administration and Revenue Policy
04	Polity:
	a. Akbar : Religious Policy, Rajput Policy
	b. Jahangir: Role of Noor Jahan in Mughal Polity
	c. Shahjahan: War of succession
	d. Aurangzeb: Deccan Policy and Religious Policy
05	Mughal Administration:
	a. Mansabdari and Jagirdari System
	b. The Mughal Ruling Class: Downfall of Bairam Khan
06	Decline and disintegration the Mughal Empire
07	Formation of Maratha State :
	a. Shivaji : Early life, Conquest and Adminsitration
08	Advent of European Powers: Portuguese, French and English

FIFTH SEMESTER

		HISTORY OF MODERN INDIA		EACHING	NO OF
	SUBJECT CODE	(c. A.D. 1750-1857)		HOURS 90	CREDIT
	History- DSE-1(A)	COURSE CONTENT	(Credit Hours	Credit 06
01	Rise of the British I	Power in Bengal:			
	i. Battle of Plassey,	ii. Battle of Buxar			
02	Expansion of Britis	h Rule :			
	a. Anglo-Maratha r	elation			
	b. Anglo-Mysore re	lation, Life and achievement of Haider Ali a	nd Tipu	Sultan	
	c. Anglo-Sikh relati	on, Ranjit Singh and Anglo-Sikh wars			
	d. Annexation of Si	ndh			
03	Growth of Adminis	tration:			
	a. Lord Wellesley:	Subsidiary alliances			
	b. William Bentick: Reforms				
	c. Lord Dalhousie:	Doctrine of Lapse, Reforms			
04	Rural Economy and	•			
	a. Land Revenue Sy	estem and their Impacts			
	b. Drain of Wealth				
	d. British Commerc	d. British Commercial Policy and De-industrialisation			
05	Socio-religious revi	valist/reform movement :			
	Brahm Samaj, A	rya Samaj, Pratna Samaj, Ramkrishna	Mission	n, Aligarh	Movement,
	Satyashodhak Sama	j			
06	Revolt of 1857 : car	uses, nature, expansion, result and impact.			

FIFTH SEMESTER

		WESTERN WORLD	TEACHING	NO OF
SUBJECT CODE		(c. A.D. 1789-1945)	HOURS 90	CREDIT
History- DSE-1(B)		COURSE CONTENT	Credit Hours	Credit 06
01 French Revolution (1789): causes, impact and legacy				
02	02 European exploitation of Asia and Africa			
03	Nationalism in Eur	one: Unification of Germany and Italy		

04	Rise of new imperialism: beginnings of First World War and peace settlements
05	Russian Revolution (1917), Dictatorship: Lenin and Stalin
06	Economic and Social crisis in the inter-war years and emergence of new ideologies: Nazism and
	Fascism
07	League of Nations: Achievements and failure
08	Second World War: decline of Imperialism and Decolonization
09	United Nation: Function, Achievement and Politics of reconstructing

SIXTH SEMESTER

		HISTORY OF MODERN INDIA	TEACHING	NO OF	
SUBJECT CODE		(c. A.D. 1857-1950)	HOURS 90	CREDIT	
History- DSE-2(A)		COURSE CONTENT	Credit Hours	Credit 06	
01	Constitutional Development :				
	a. Morley-Minto Reforms, 1909				
	b. Montague-Chelmsford Reforms, 1919				
	c. Govt. of India Act, 1935				
	Indian Independence Act, 1947				
02	National Movement : Causes of the Rise of Nationalism in India				
03	Moderates and Extremist: Methods, Programmes and Achievements.				
04	Partition of Bengal and its impact, Swedeshi Movement				
05	Revolutionary Movement				
06	Home Rule Movement				
07	Gandhian movement: Non-cooperation, Civil Disobedience, Quit India				
08	Constitutional Changes and Response :				
	a. Swarajists, Simon Commission, Nehru Report				
	b. Round Table Conferences, Gandhi-Irwin Pact, Communal Award				
	c. Cripps Mission,	Wavell Polan, Cabinet Mission			
09	Indian National Army				
10	Communal Politics	and Partition:			
	a. Demand of Pakis	tan			
	b. Partiton and Inde	pendence			
11	India 1947-50				
	a. Framing of the Constitution: Constituent Assembly-Structure and work				
	b. Salient Features	of the Indian Constitution			

SIXTH SEMESTER

		HISTORY OF JHARKHAND	TEACHING	NO OF		
SUBJECT CODE		(c. A.D. 1757-2000)	HOURS 90	CREDIT		
History- DSE-2(B)		COURSE CONTENT	Credit Hours	Credit 06		
01	British entry in J	British entry in Jharkhand and its relations with native rulers (with special reference to				
	Nagvanshi raja, Cho	Nagvanshi raja, Chero Raj, Ramgarh raj)				
02	Colonial Policies ar	Colonial Policies and its impact : Agriculture, Land, Forest and Railway.				
03	Revolt of 1857 and its impact, participation of different classes and leaders.					
04	Native resistance	Col Revolt, Santhal Hul, Sardari Larai, Bir	sa Ulgulan, Ta	ına Bhagat		
	Movement					
05	National Movement	in Jharkhand:				

	a. Indian National Congress and its Movment : Non cooperation Movement, Civil disobedie		
	and Quit India Movment.		
	b. Ramgarh Congress Session, 1940		
06	Demand of separate state of Jharkhand: causes and stages		
07	Formation of Jharkhand State		